## edexcel \#\#

Mark Scheme (Results)
Summer 2014

Pearson Edexcel International GCSE
Mathematics A (4MA0/4HR) Paper 4HR

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## General Marking Guidance

- All candidates must receive the same treatment. Examiners must mark the first candidate in exactly the same way as they mark the last.
- Mark schemes should be applied positively. Candidates must be rewarded for what they have shown they can do rather than penalised for omissions.
- Examiners should mark according to the mark scheme not according to their perception of where the grade boundaries may lie.
- There is no ceiling on achievement. All marks on the mark scheme should be used appropriately.
- All the marks on the mark scheme are designed to be awarded. Examiners should always award full marks if deserved, i.e. if the answer matches the mark scheme. Examiners should also be prepared to award zero marks if the candidate's response is not worthy of credit according to the mark scheme.
- Where some judgement is required, mark schemes will provide the principles by which marks will be awarded and exemplification may be limited.
- When examiners are in doubt regarding the application of the mark scheme to a candidate's response, the team leader must be consulted.
- Crossed out work should be marked UNLESS the candidate has replaced it with an alternative response.
- Types of mark
- M marks: method marks
- A marks: accuracy marks
- B marks: unconditional accuracy marks (independent of M marks)
- Abbreviations
- awrt - answers which round to
- cao - correct answer only
- ft - follow through
- isw - ignore subsequent working
- SC - special case
- oe - or equivalent (and appropriate)
- dep - dependent
- indep - independent
- eeoo - each error or omission
- No working

If no working is shown then correct answers normally score full marks
If no working is shown then incorrect (even though nearly correct) answers score no marks.

- With working

If there is a wrong answer indicated on the answer line always check the working in the body of the script (and on any diagrams), and award any marks appropriate from the mark scheme.
If it is clear from the working that the "correct" answer has been obtained from incorrect working, award 0 marks.
Any case of suspected misread loses $A$ (and $B$ ) marks on that part, but can gain the $M$ marks.
If working is crossed out and still legible, then it should be given any appropriate marks, as long as it has not been replaced by alternative work.
If there is a choice of methods shown, then no marks should be awarded, unless the answer on the answer line makes clear the method that has been used.
If there is no answer on the answer line then check the working for an obvious answer.

- Ignoring subsequent work

It is appropriate to ignore subsequent work when the additional work does not change the answer in a way that is inappropriate for the question: eg. Incorrect cancelling of a fraction that would otherwise be correct. It is not appropriate to ignore subsequent work when the additional work essentially makes the answer incorrect eg algebra.
Transcription errors occur when candidates present a correct answer in working, and write it incorrectly on the answer line; mark the correct answer.

- Parts of questions

Unless specifically allowed by the mark scheme, the marks allocated to one part of the question CANNOT be awarded in another.

Apart from Questions 14 and 16 (where the mark scheme states otherwise), the correct answer, unless clearly obtained by an incorrect method, should be taken to imply a correct method.
NB: All ranges for correct answers on the mark scheme are inclusive.

| Question | Working | Answer | Mark | Notes |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 1 | eg. $-22=5 \times p-4 \times-5$ or $5 p=-22+4 \times-5$ |  |  | M1 for correct substitution (must be into a <br> (crrect equation) |
|  | eg. $-22=5 p+20$ or |  |  |  |
| $5 p=-22-20$ or $p=\frac{-22-20}{5}$ |  |  | M1 for correct simplification <br> (minimum of $-4 \times-5=+20)$ |  |
|  |  | -8.4 oe | 2 | A1 (accept $-\frac{42}{5}$ or $-8 \frac{2}{5}$ oe) |
|  |  |  |  |  |


| Question | Working | Answer | Mark | Notes |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 2 | 3.45 or $3 \frac{27}{60}$ |  | M1 for correctly converting '3h 27m' into a <br> decimal (eg. 3.45) <br> For '3h 27m' there must be some indication that <br> this is the elapsed time from 20:07 to 23:34 |  |
|  | $" 3 \frac{27}{60} " \times 224$ or " $3.45 " \times 224$ |  | M1 (independent) <br> allow <br> '3h 27m' $\times 224$ or 3.27 $\times 224$ <br> For '3h 27m' there must be some indication that <br> this is the elapsed time from 20:07 to 23:34 |  |
|  |  |  |  | NB. $224 \times 2007$ gets M0 |


| Question | Working | Answer | Mark | Notes |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 3 (a) |  |  |  | M1 for $3 n+k$ ( $k$ may be zero) oe |
|  |  | $3 n+1$ oe | 2 | A1 need not be simplified eg. $4+3(n-1)$ <br> NB: $n=3 n+1$ gains M1 A0 |
| (b) | $3 n+1=88$ or ( $88-1) \div 3$ |  |  | M1 ft " $3 n+1$ " $=88$ <br> NB. Only ft if their expression is of the form $a n+b$ where $a>1$ and $b \neq 0$ |
|  |  | 29 | 2 | A1 ft NB. unrounded answer must be an integer |
|  |  |  |  | Total 4 marks |


| Question | Working | Answer | Mark | Notes |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 4 (a) |  | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Rotation, } 90^{\circ}, \\ \text { anticlockwise, centre } O \end{array}$ | 3 | B1 Rotate or rotated <br> B1 $90^{\circ}$ (anticlockwise) or $-270^{\circ}$ or $270^{\circ}$ clockwise <br> B1 (centre) $O$ or $(0,0)$ or origin <br> (do not accept $\binom{0}{0}$ but do not count as an additional transformation) <br> NB if more than one transformation then 0 marks |
| (b) |  | $\begin{array}{r} \text { triangle at }(6,1) \\ (7,1) \\ (7,3) \end{array}$ | 1 | B1 cao |
|  |  |  |  | Total 4 marks |


| Question | Working | Answer | Mark | Notes |
| :--- | :--- | ---: | ---: | :--- |
| 5 | $\pi \times 3^{2}(=9 \pi)(=28.27 \ldots)$ |  |  | M1 rounded or truncated to 3 or more sig figs |
|  | $20 \times 12(=240)$ |  |  | M1 |
|  | $" 240 "-2 \times " 28.27 \ldots "$ |  |  | M1 dep on M2 |
|  |  |  | 183 | 4 |
| A1 for answer in range 183-184 |  |  |  |  |


| Question | Working | Answer | Mark | Notes |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 6 | $\frac{\text { Working with all } 12 \text { boxes }}{12 \times 15(=180) \text { or } 12 \times 12(=144)}$ |  |  | M1 for correct total cost or correct total number of drinks (either may appear as part of another calculation) |
|  | $12 \times 12 \times \frac{3}{4} \times 1.5 \text { oe }(=162)$ |  |  | M1 for revenue from all full price drinks sold |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & 12 \times 15 \times 1.15 \text { oe }(=207) \text { or } \\ & 180 \times 0.15 \text { oe }(=27) \end{aligned}$ |  |  | M1 for total revenue or total profit |
|  | $\frac{" 207 "-" 162 "}{36} \text { or } \frac{45}{36} \text { or } \frac{" 27 "+(" 180 "-" 162 ")}{36}$ |  |  | M1 dep on M3 |
|  |  | 1.25 | 5 | A1 cao |
|  |  |  |  | Total 5 marks |
|  | Alternative - working with one box $15 \div 12(=1.25)$ or $12 \times \frac{3}{4}(=9)$ |  |  | M1 for price of 1 drink or number of full price drinks |
|  | $12 \times \frac{3}{4} \times 1.5 \text { oe }(=13.5)$ |  |  | M1 for revenue from all full price drinks sold |
|  | $15 \times 1.15$ ( $=17.25$ ) |  |  | M1 for total revenue from one box |
|  | $\frac{" 17.25 "-" 13.5 "}{3} \text { or } \frac{3.75}{3}$ |  |  | M1 dep on M3 |
|  |  | 1.25 | 5 | A1 cao |
|  |  |  |  | Total 5 marks |


| Question | Working | Answer | Mark | Notes |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 7 (a) |  | 0.9 oe | 1 | B1 accept $90 \%$ or $\frac{9}{10}$ oe |  |
| (b) | $50 \times 0.1$ oe |  |  | M1 $50 \times 0.1$ |  |
|  |  | 5 | 2 | A1 cao |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | Total 3 marks |


| Question | Working | Answer | Mark | Notes |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 8 (a) | $252=2 \times 126=2 \times 2 \times 63=2 \times 2 \times 3 \times 21$ |  |  | M1 for a process that isolates at least 2 correct prime factors e.g. $252=2 \times 126,126=3 \times 42$ or a factor tree with 2 primes from 2,3 or 7 identified or repeated division |
|  |  | $2 \times 2 \times 3 \times 3 \times 7$ | 2 | A1 for $2 \times 2 \times 3 \times 3 \times 7$ oe with correct prime factors |
| (b) | $2^{2} \times 3^{2} \times 7 \times 2^{4} \times 3 \times 5$ |  |  | M1 " $2^{2} \times 3^{2} \times 7^{\prime \prime} \times 2^{4} \times 3 \times 5$ or a fully correct factor tree or fully correct repeated division |
|  |  | $2^{6} \times 3^{3} \times 5 \times 7$ | 2 | A1 cao accept in any order |
|  |  |  |  | Total 4 marks |


| Question | Working | Answer | Mark | Notes |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 9 | $x+24=4 x-30 \quad x=18$ |  | M1 for forming a correct equation in $x$ |  |


| Question | Working | Answer | Mark | Notes |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 10 (a) | $\begin{aligned} & 2.1 \div(1+2+3)(=0.35) \text { or } 2.1 \div 6 \\ & 2.1 \div(1+2+3) \times 2 \text { or } 2.1 \div 6 \times 2 \text { oe } \end{aligned}$ |  |  | M1 allow $2.1 \div(1+2+3) \times 3(=1.05)$ for the method mark |
|  |  | 0.7 | 2 | A1 (accept 0.70) |
| (b) | eg. $6 \div 3=2$ and $2 \times 0.75$ or $\frac{0.75}{3} \times 6$ oe |  |  | M1 for a complete method |
|  |  | 1.5 | 2 | A1 cao |
|  |  |  |  | Total 4 marks |


| Question | Working | Answer | Mark | Notes |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 11(a) | $\begin{aligned} & 7+7+8+d=4 \times 8 \text { or } \\ & 7,7,8,(x) \text { or } \\ & 4 \times 8(=32) \end{aligned}$ |  |  | M1 |
|  |  | 10 | 2 | A1 (accept 7, 7, 8, 10 on answer line) |
| (b) | $\begin{aligned} & \frac{(2 \times " 7 "-3)+(2 \times " 7 "-3)+(2 \times " 8 "-3)+(2 \times " 10 "-3)}{4} \\ & \text { or } \\ & \frac{2 \times 32-12}{4} \\ & \text { or } \\ & 2 \times 8-3 \end{aligned}$ |  |  | M1 ft for a complete method using candidate's 4 numbers from (a) <br> or $\frac{2 a-3+2 b-3+2 c-3+2 d-3}{4} \mathrm{oe}$ |
|  |  | 13 | 2 | A1 cao |
|  |  |  |  | Total 4 marks |


| Question | Working | Answer | Mark | Notes |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 12 (a) |  |  |  | $\text { M1 }(2 t \pm 1)(t \pm 3) \text { or }(2 t \pm 3)(t \pm 1)$ <br> NB. Accept $1 t$ in place of $t$ |
|  |  | $(2 t-1)(t-3)$ | 2 | A1 cao |
| (b) | $b x^{2}=a-y$ or $-b x^{2}=y-a$ |  |  | M1 for isolating $b x^{2}$ (or $-b x^{2}$ ) |
|  | $x^{2}=\frac{a-y}{b} \text { or } x^{2}=\frac{y-a}{-b} \text { or } x^{2}=-\frac{y-a}{b}$ |  |  | M1 for isolating $x^{2}$ |
|  |  | $x= \pm \sqrt{\frac{a-y}{b}}$ | 3 | A1 or $x= \pm \sqrt{\frac{y-a}{-b}}$ or $x= \pm \sqrt{-\frac{y-a}{b}}$ (condone omission of $\pm$ ) |
|  |  |  |  | Total |


| Question | Working | Answer | Mark | Notes |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 13 (a) | 1416171820212223232424 |  |  | M1 arrange in order or One of 21(median), 17(LQ), 23(UQ) identified |
|  |  |  |  | M1 Identify any two of 21, 17 and 23 |
|  |  | 6 | 3 | A1 cao |
| (b) |  | Carmelo and reason using IQR | 2 | B1 ft from (a) Carmelo - he has a lower IQR oe (IQR must be part of the statement) |
|  |  |  |  | Total 5 marks |


| Question | Working | Answer | Mark | Notes |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 14 (a) | $\begin{aligned} & 7.8 \times 10^{8} \times 1000 \text { or } \\ & 7.8 \times 10^{11} \text { oe or } \\ & 8 \div 1000 \text { or } \\ & 0.008 \end{aligned}$ |  |  | M1 for correct conversion from m to km or from km to m |
|  | $7.8 \times 10^{8} \times 1000 \div 8$ or $7.8 \times 10^{8} \div 0.008$ |  |  | M1 (indep) award for digits 975 (eg. an answer of $9.75 \times 10^{7}$ gets M0 M1 A0) |
|  |  | $9.75 \times 10^{10}$ | 3 | A1 cao |
| (b) | $1.95 \times 10^{10} \mathrm{~km}$ |  |  | B1 cao |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \frac{1.95 \times 10^{10}}{" 9.75 \times 10^{10} \mathrm{n}}(=0.2(\mathrm{~km})) \text { or } \frac{1.95 \times 10^{13}}{" 9.75 \times 10^{10} "} \\ & (=200(\mathrm{~m})) \text { or } \frac{1.95 \times 10^{10}}{7.8 \times 10^{8}} \times 8(=200(\mathrm{~m})) \text { or } \\ & \frac{1.95 \times 10^{13}}{7.8 \times 10^{11}} \times 8(=200(\mathrm{~m})) \end{aligned}$ <br> NB: 1.95 may be the candidate's upper bound |  |  | M1 ft from (a) also award for $\begin{aligned} & \frac{1.9 \times 10^{10}}{" 9.75 \times 10^{10} \mathrm{"I}} \text { or } \frac{1.9 \times 10^{13}}{" 9.75 \times 10^{10 \mathrm{O}}} \\ & \text { or } \frac{1.9 \times 10^{10}}{7.8 \times 10^{8}} \times 8 \text { or } \frac{1.9 \times 10^{13}}{7.8 \times 10^{11}} \times 8 \end{aligned}$ |
|  |  | 200 | 3 | A1 cao must be from correct figures used in a correct calculation |
|  |  |  |  | Total 6 marks |


| Question | Working | Answer | Mark | Notes |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 15 (a) |  | $\frac{2}{7}$ then two pairs of branches with $\frac{3}{5}, \frac{2}{5}$ on the W and R branches respectively <br> fully correct tree diagram | 2 | M1 $\frac{2}{7}$ on lower LH branch OR two additional pairs branches labelled with white and red <br> A1 for fully correct tree diagram with all probabilities and labels <br> NB: Accept $0.28571 \ldots$ rounded or truncated to 3 or more sig figs for $\frac{2}{7}$ |
| (b) | $\frac{5}{7} \times 1 \frac{3}{5}{ }^{\prime \prime}$ |  |  | M1 ft from their tree diagram |
|  |  | $\frac{15}{35}$ | 2 | A1 oe eg. $\frac{3}{7}$ or $0.428571 \ldots$ rounded or truncated to 3 or more sig figs Accept 0.43 if working shown |
| (c) | $\frac{5}{7} \times " \frac{2}{5} \text { "or } \frac{2}{7} \times{ }^{3} \frac{3}{5}$ |  | 3 | M1 for a correct <br> product only ft <br> probabilities $<1$ M2 for <br> $1-" \frac{15}{35} "-" \frac{2}{7} " \times " \frac{2}{5} "$ |
|  | $\frac{5}{7} \times{ }^{\prime \prime} \frac{2}{5}+\frac{2}{7} \times{ }^{\prime \prime} \frac{3}{5} "$ |  |  | M1 for full method |
|  |  | $\frac{16}{35}$ |  | A1 oe accept decimal answer 0.457142 . rounded or truncated to 3 or more sig figs Accept 0.46 if working shown |
|  |  |  |  | Total 7 marks |


| Question |  | Working | Answer | Mark | Notes <br> 16 <br> (a) |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |


| 16b | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Alternative } \\ & x^{2}+\frac{9}{4} x-\frac{47}{4}=0 \\ & \left(x+\frac{9}{8}\right)^{2}-\frac{81}{64}-\frac{47}{4}=0 \end{aligned}$ |  | M1 | for $\left(x+\frac{9}{8}\right)^{2} \mathrm{oe}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\left(x+\frac{9}{8}\right)= \pm \sqrt{\frac{833}{64}}$ |  | M1 | for $\left(x+\frac{9}{8}\right)= \pm \sqrt{\frac{833}{64}}$ oe |
|  |  | 2.48, - 4.73 | 3 | A1 awrt 2.48 and -4.73 <br> NB. If negative solution is discarded (or omitted) then full marks can still be obtained Award 3 marks if first M1 scored and answer correct |
|  |  |  |  | Total 8 marks |


| Question | Working | Answer | Mark | Notes |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 17 (a) |  | $4 x^{2} y$ | 2 | B2 <br> (B1 for $a x^{n} y^{m}$ with two of $a=4 ; n=2 ; m=1$ ) |
| (b) | $\begin{aligned} & 2(x-2)(x+2) \text { or }(2 x-4)(x+2) \text { or } \\ & (x-2)(2 x+4) \end{aligned}$ |  |  | M1 for numerator factorised |
|  | $4 x(x-2)$ or $2 x(2 x-4)$ |  |  | M1 for denominator factorised |
|  |  | $\frac{x+2}{2 x}$ | 3 | A1 accept $\frac{1}{2}+\frac{1}{x}$ |
|  | Alternative to (b): $\frac{2 x^{2}-8}{4 x^{2}-8 x}=\frac{x^{2}-4}{2 x^{2}-4 x}=\frac{(x-2)(x+2)}{2 x(x-2)}$ | $\frac{x+2}{2 x}$ | 3 | In order to use this mark scheme, correct simplification of the original fraction must be seen <br> M1 $(x-2)(x+2)$ <br> M1 $2 x(x-2)$ <br> A1 accept $\frac{1}{2}+\frac{1}{x}$ |
|  |  |  |  | Total 5 marks |


| Question | Working | Answer | Mark | Notes |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 18 (a) | $\angle A O C=90-36$ | 54 | 2 | B1 cao |
|  |  | Angle between tangent and radius $\text { is } 90^{\circ}$ |  | B1 for Angle between tangent and radius is $\underline{90^{\circ}}$ (accept right-angle or perpendicular) |
| (b) | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Using angle } \boldsymbol{C} \boldsymbol{G} \boldsymbol{F}=\text { angle } \boldsymbol{F} \boldsymbol{G} \boldsymbol{E}+\text { angle } \boldsymbol{C} \boldsymbol{G} \boldsymbol{E} \\ & \angle F G E=90-34(=56) \end{aligned}$ |  |  | M1 may be on diagram |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \angle C G E=" 54 " \div 2(=27) \text { or } \\ & \frac{180-(180-" 54 ")}{2}(=27) \end{aligned}$ |  |  | M1 may be on diagram |
|  |  | 83 | 3 | A1 cao |
|  | ```Alternative: Using angles in a cyclic quadrilateral \(=180^{\circ}\) Angle CGF \(=180\) - \((\) angle \(C E O+\) angle \(F E G)\) Angle \(C E O=(180-" 54 ") \div 2(=63)\) and angle \(F E G=180-(180-70)-36)(=34)\)``` |  |  | M1 may be on diagram |
|  | Angle CGF = 180-("34" + "63") |  |  | M1 dep on previous M1 |
|  |  | 83 | 3 | A1 cao |
|  |  |  |  | Total 5 marks |


| Question | Working | Answer | Mark | Notes |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 19 | $\begin{aligned} & \left(B C^{2}=\right) 3.8^{2}+6.4^{2}-2 \times 3.8 \times 6.4 \cos 120^{\circ} \\ & (=79.72) \\ & \left(B C^{2}=\right) 14.44+40.96+24.32(=79.72) \end{aligned}$ |  |  | M1 correct use of Cosine rule to find $B C$ <br> M1 correct order of operations <br> A1 for $B C=8.9-8.93$ or <br> $\sqrt{79.72}$ or $\sqrt{\frac{1993}{25}}$ oe | Award M2 A1 for $\begin{aligned} & B C=8.9-8.93 \text { or } \sqrt{79.72} \\ & \text { or } \sqrt{\frac{1993}{25}} \text { oe } \end{aligned}$ |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \frac{\sin C}{6.4}=\frac{\sin 120}{" 8.92 . . \prime} \text { or } \\ & 6.4^{2}=3.8^{2}+" 8.92^{\prime 2}-2 \times 3.8 \times " 8.92 " \times \cos C \\ & \sin C=\frac{6.4 \times 0.866 \ldots}{" 8.92 . . "}(=0.62 \ldots) \text { or } \\ & \cos C=\frac{3.8^{2}+" 8.92^{" 2}-6.4^{2}}{2 \times 3.8 \times " 8.92 "}(=0.78 \ldots) \\ & C=38-38.5 \end{aligned}$ |  |  | M1 correct use of Sine rule or Cosine rule to find angle $C$ <br> M1 correct rearrangement | Award M2 for $C=38-38.5$ <br> Award M2 for $B=21.5-22$ <br> and $C=180-120-B$ |
|  |  | 068 | 6 | A1 (0)68-(0)68.4 |  |
|  | Alternative <br> $C D$ is the perpendicular from $C$ to $B A$ produced. $\angle C A D=60^{\circ} \text { or } A C D=30^{\circ}$ |  |  | M1 uses triangle $C A D$ and $\angle C A D=60^{\circ}$ or $A C D=30^{\circ}$ $C D$ may not be drawn in but can be implied |  |
|  | $A D=3.8 \cos 60^{\circ}$ or $3.8 \sin 30(=1.9)$ |  |  | M1 for correct method to find horizontal length |  |
|  | $B D=6.4+1.9$ ( $=8.3$ ) |  |  | A 1 for $B D=8.3$ |  |
|  | $C D=3.8 \sin 60$ or $3.8 \cos 30(=3.29)$ |  |  | M1 |  |
|  | $\tan B C D=\frac{8.3}{3.8 \sin 60} \text { oe }$ |  |  | M1 |  |
|  |  | 068 |  | A1 (0)68-(0)68.4 |  |
|  |  |  |  | Total 6 marks |  |




TOTAL FOR PAPER: 100 MARKS

